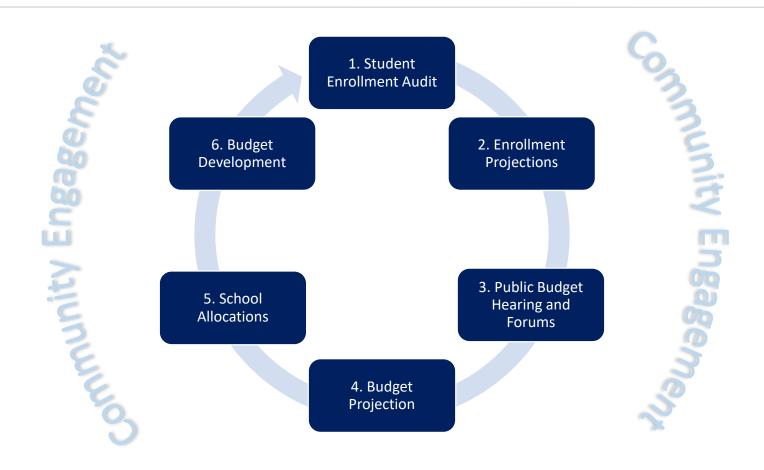




- Welcome
- FY20 Budget Updates and Timeline
- Budget Engagement and Collaboration
- Working Session: Roundtable Discussions
- Group Share out
- Closing Remarks

DCPS Budget Cycle



Fiscal Year 2020 Budget Development Timeline

Reflection and Planning Budget Priorities Budget Development Council and Modeling & Technical Assistance Hearing Jan Apr/May Nov Dec Feb/Mar Initial school budget Budget Engagement Forums with School DC Council with students, Leaders and Local allocations released hearing on **DCPS Budget** families, principals, School Advisory Local School Advisory and school Teams (LSAT) Team (LSAT) communities. Budget priorities engagement by finalized school leaders Budget prioritization Enrollment School budgets finalized projections

DCPS allocates funds to schools using a Comprehensive Staffing Model (CSM)

- Each school type (ES, EC, MS, HS and ALT) has a different CSM.
- The CSM includes:
 - required positions (e.g. principal, core and related arts teachers, related service providers, etc.) and flexible positions (e.g. business manager, assistant principals)
 - funding for programs (e.g. NAF academies, JROTC, IB, etc.)
 - funding for NPS items (e.g. library books, related art supplies, custodial supplies, etc.).
- After the CSM has been modeled for a school, we check to ensure:
 - each school has met a per-pupil funding minimum
 - each school's budget has not decreased by more than 5% from the previous year (known as stabilization)

DCPS uses an average position cost for each staff type.

- DCPS allocates staff based on enrollment and programmatic need.
- Schools budget for staff based on the average cost of the position.

Example: If 42 students are projected in 4th Grade



CSM School Comparison: No two school budgets are the same

Category	Have Name	Allo 224:212	School A Enrollment: 443		School B Enrollment: 421	
	Item Name	Allocation	School A FTE	School A \$ Amount	School B FTE	School B \$ Amount
School	Principal		1.0	\$167,015	1.0	\$167,015
Leadership	Assistant Principal	1:400 Students	1.1	\$147,396	1.1	\$138,141
	General K-12 Teachers	Varies on Classroom size	20	\$2,092,660	16.0	\$1,465,278
Classroom	Kindergarten Aide	1 Per Classroom	0	-	3.0	\$96,297
Teachers and	PK-3 Teacher	1:16	0	-	3.0	\$313,899
Aides	PK-4 Teacher	1:20	0	-	3.0	\$313,899
	PK-Aide	One per class	0	-	6.0	\$192,594
	Instructional Coach	Each school gets one	1.0	\$104,633	1.0	\$104,633
	Reading Specialist		1.0	\$104,633		
Schoolwide	School Psychologist	Formula based on, IEPs,	0.5	\$52,317	1	\$104,633
Instructional	Social Worker	RTIs and BSS hours	2	\$209,266	1.5	\$156,950
Support	Specialist – Library Media	>300 students = 0.5 <300 students = 1	1.0	\$104,633	1.0	\$104,633
	Related Arts Teachers	<400 students: 3 400-599 students: 4.5	5.5	\$575,481	5.5	\$575,481

CSM School Comparison

Category	Item Name	Allocation	School A FTE	School A \$ Amount	School B FTE	School B FTE
	Special Education Teacher	Formula based on	3.0	\$313,899	9.0	\$941,697
Special	Special Education Aide	programs, history,	1	\$32,099	8.0	\$256,792
Education and	Behavior Technicians	IEPs	0.0	-	0.0	-
ELL Allocations	ELL Teacher	1:22	0.22	\$23,019	0.4	\$42,804
	ELL Aide	1:50 (level 1)	0.0	-	0.0	-
Grants	Title I Instruction	Based on FARM	0	0	0	\$181,078
	Business Manager	>300 Students	1.0	\$78,858	1.0	\$78,858
	Administrative Aide	All schools get one	1.0	\$47,171	1.0	\$47,171
Other	Clerk	1:400 Students	1.1	\$57,311	1.1	\$57,311
Building Staff	Custodial Foreman		1	\$68,261	1	\$68,261
	RW-5 Custodian	Bldg. Size and Student Pop	1	\$52,754	1	\$52,754
	RW-3 Custodian	3.000.11.1.00	2	\$86,332	2	\$86,332
	Personnel Subtotal		44.2	\$4,317,738	67.5	\$5,546,511

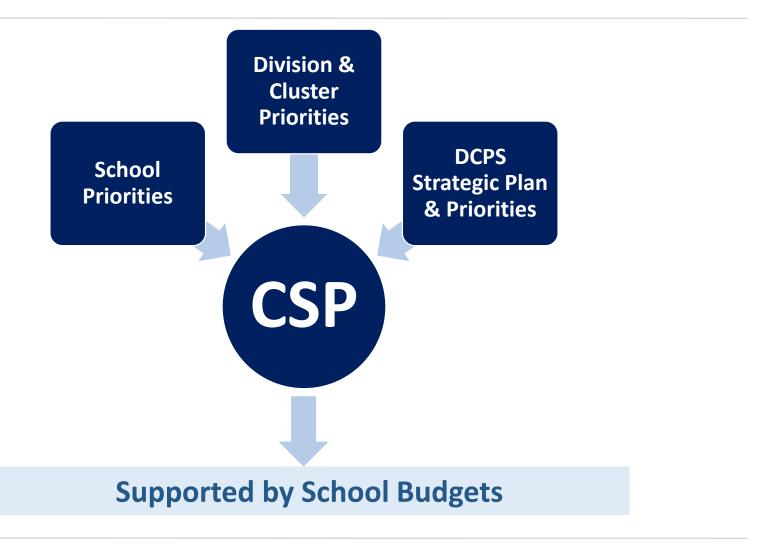
FTE Difference = 23
Total PS Funding Difference = \$1.2M

CSM School Comparison

Category	Item Name	Allocation	School A \$ Amount	School B \$ Amount
	NPS Flex Calculation	1.7% of PS budget	\$65,642	\$88,210
	Supplies for Related Arts	\$105 per student + Replacements	\$9,525	\$9,052
Non-Personnel	Literacy Materials	\$20 per student	\$8,860	\$8,420
Services	Custodial Supplies	\$2,456 + \$0.07/sq ft	\$5,070	\$6,346
	Overtime (Admin Premium & Custodial)	\$87 per student	\$44,300	\$42,100
	At-Risk Technology Funds	\$20 per student	\$2,492	\$2,466
	Afterschool Teacher		\$29,930	\$89,790
Afterschool Program	Afterschool Aide	Based on TANF and Title I Students	\$28,060	\$84,180
	Afterschool Administrative Aide		\$6,734	-
Excellence through Equity	Excellence through Equity	Number of PARCC takers who scored Level 1 or 2	\$13,950	\$3,600
Title Allocation Title I & Title II		Based on number of students who qualify for FARM	\$10,700	\$13,310

Non-Personnel Subtotal	\$225,263	\$347,474
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Connecting Comprehensive School Plan to Budget Process

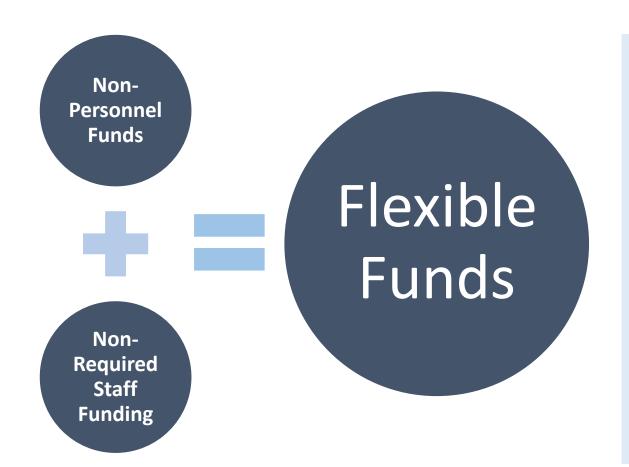


There are two ways that principals exercise flexibility to build their budgets

Flexible Funding

Petitions

A school's flexible funding is made up of a variety of budget allocations



Examples:

- 1. NPS flexible funding
- 2. Supply funds
- 3. Assistant Principal Funding
- 4. Front Office Staff:
 Business
 Manager, Clerk,
 Registrar

Petitions are a way for principals to change an initial budget allocation item

2 Types of Petitions	Definition	Examples
1) Petitions to alter required allocations	A petition where a principal requests to change a required allocation to another position or NPS item.	Principal requests to change a 3rd grade teacher allocation to an Instructional Coach.
2) Petitions that are required in order to budget a flexible placeholder allocations	Some allocations are flexible allocations placed in a temporary budget line that principals must petition and provide a rationale for how they are going to budget the funds.	 Middle Grade Investment Teachers Middle School Social-Emotional Support Funds Stabilization Funding Art, music, physical education/health, and science supplies At-Risk Technology

Petition Submission and Approval Process

First, a principal submits a petition with detailed rationale for the change via the School Budget Application in QuickBase



Then, the petition is reviewed by the School Funding Team and all relevant program offices associated with the petition.



Finally, each school's respective Instructional Superintendent reviews input from Program Teams and makes final determination.

Sample School: Initial to Submitted Budget Staff Comparison

Sample School				
FISCAL YEAR 2019 (FY19) SCHOOL BUDGET ALLOCATION				
Total Budget	\$6,443,963.93			
Change From Prior Year	\$304,899.00			
Total Enrollment	496			
Enrollment Change	34			
At-Risk Percent	58%			
At-Risk Total	\$615,165.52			
Category	Allocation Item Name			

FY19 Initial to Submitted Budget Comparison Report

Category	Allocation Item Name	Allocated # of Positions	\$ Allocation Amount	Budgeted # of Positions	\$ Budgeted Amount
	Principal	1.0	\$ 167,015.00	1.0	\$ 167,015.00
	Assistant Principal - English Language Arts (ELA)	0.0	\$ -	0.0	\$ -
	Assistant Principal - Literacy (APL)	0.0	\$ -	0.0	\$ -
	Assistant Principal - Math	0.0	\$ -	1.0	\$ 133,996.00
School	Assistant Principal - Other	1.2	\$ 160,795.20	0.0	\$ -
Leadership	Assistant Principal - Science	0.0	\$ -	0.0	\$ -
LeaderShip	Assistant Principal - Social Studies	0.0	\$ -	0.0	\$ -
	Assistant Principal - Intervention (API)	0.0	\$ -	0.0	\$ -
	Assistant Principal - School Improvement Grant (SIG)	0.0	\$ -	0.0	\$ -
	Assistant Principal - Special Education	0.0	\$ -	0.0	\$ -
	Dean of Students	0.0	\$ -	0.0	\$ -
Subtotal		2.2	\$ 327,810.20	2.0	\$ 301,011.00

Budget Engagement and Collaboration

What We Heard

When asked how they could budget towards supporting their school's CSP goals and strategies, attendees responded:

Professional Development Funding

More reading and math specialists to support intervention and environments to meet each students' need.

Technology

Integrate special programming investments into CSP context areas

What We Heard

When asked to what additional supports and strategies should be considered to support CSP goals, attendees responded:

Centralize technology coordination.

We need more flexibility with our atrisk funds to maintain our current staff.

More transparency in the budget formula.

Provide smaller schools with full-time support staff.

What We Heard

When asked what flexibility would be needed to improve the FY20 budget season related to school goals and your CSP, attendees responded:

More flexibility on staffing and non-personnel funding

More flexibility on at-risk funding

More flexibility on special programs

More flexibility to reallocate funds

The Local School Advisory Team Role During The Budget Process

Local School Advisory Teams are a group of elected members who increase transparency at DCPS and ensure decisions affecting school communities are made collaboratively with the help of a diverse group of school stakeholders.

- LSATs meet every month to discuss school Comprehensive School Plans.
- LSATs should be acting as a liaison between the school community and broader DCPS community.
- LSATs are strongly encouraged to attend districtwide engagements to make their school's voice heard and to share back information with their school community.



Principal and LSAT Collaboration

Principals are responsible for **final decisions** regarding budget

The Principal should:

- Share initial budget allocation with LSAT
- Discuss budget impact of new or changing programs/resources
- Ask LSAT for recommendation as to positions to be excessed or added
- Share final budget to be submitted

The LSAT should:

- Convene an LSAT Meeting in January prior to being provided budget allocation
- Continue to hold LSAT meetings and work throughout budget season
- Keep conversations confidential, especially discussions about specific staff
- Respect opinions of fellow LSAT members and principal; it's OK to disagree



Working Session: Roundtable Discussions

Small Group Discussion Questions

- 1. What's in your school budget and spending plan that requires flexibility? Are there things that need to be moved around to support current initiatives and new ones?
- 2. What is working well, and what needs rethinking?
- 3. What would you change, if anything, based on current needs and Comprehensive School Plan?
- 4. What's most important to prioritize for next year to drive your CSP goals?

Group Share Out

Closing Remarks

Thank you for your time and participation!